

Status of ALMA Software

B.E. Glendenning, (NRAO)G. Kosugi, (NAOJ)G. Raffi, (ESO)



ALMA at ADASS

- Lorente Science Data Model for ALMA/EVLA (Before me)
- Nakazato Single Dish Analysis software for ALMA (After me)
- Davis ALMA Pipeline Heuristics(P#12)
- Hoffstadt Reusable state machine (P#28)
- Morita Spatial Frequency

Weights (P#48)

- Reveco Device code generation framework (P#63)
- Sugimoto Single dish simulator (P#71)
- Tobar ACS and POSIX compliant RTOS (P#77)
- Wicenec ALMA Front-end Archive (P#83)
- Ye 3D Data Cube viewer (P#88) ADASS 2009, Sapporo

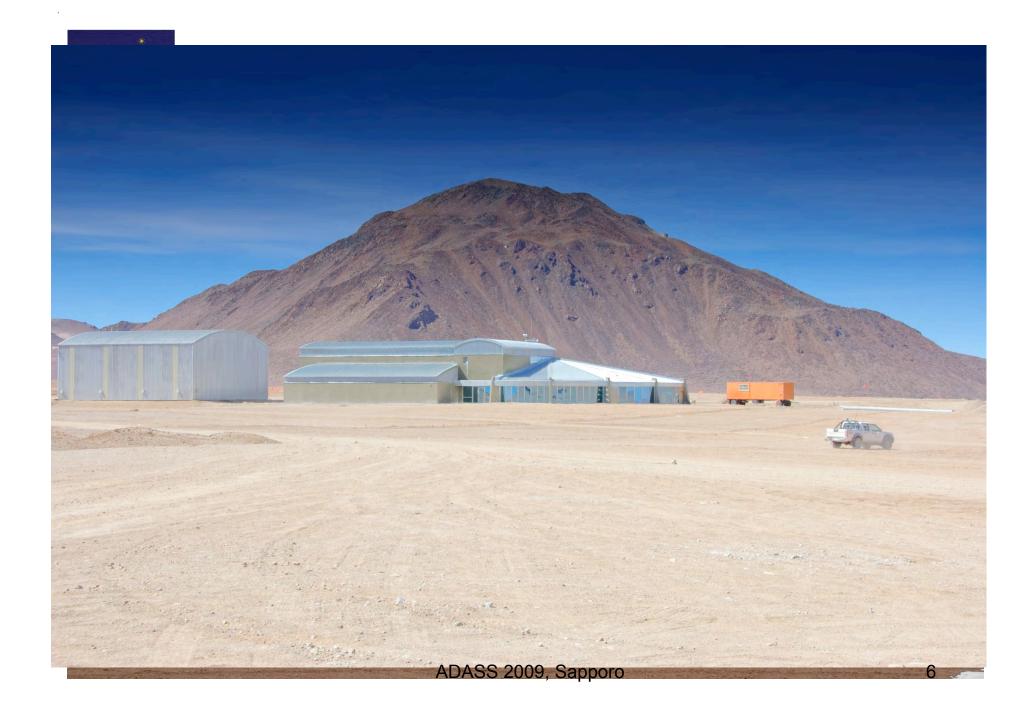


ALMA

- 66 transportable antennas
 - 54 12m antennas
 - 12 7m antennas
 - 14km largest antenna separation (~milli-arcsecond)
- 100 1000 GHz
- Interferometer (all antenna pairs) plus single-dish • measurements
- Very dry site @ 5000m in Northern Chile •
- Worldwide collaboration: East Asia (NAOJ), Europe • (ESO), North America (NRAO)
- \$1.3B most expensive ground-based telescope (so far) $- \sim$ \$50M software development (450 FTE-y) & computers 3 ADASS 2009, Sapporo











Major Scientific Milestones

- I. Start of Scientific Commissioning (2010 Q1)
 - Currently in "Assembly, Integration, Verification" (AIV) stage
 - Emphasis on control software, data processing software
- 2. Start of Early Science (2011 Q3)
 - Requires most software, including user software (e.g., phase I & 2)
 - Automatic pipelining not reliable
- 3. Inauguration (2012 Q4)
- 4. Completion of Construction (2013)



ALMA Computing Integrated Product Team (IPT)

- Software system designed and built as an ambitious, demanding, end-to-end software system
 - Up-front design and implementation
 - Result will be a ~3M line of code "end to end" software system running on over 200 computers on 4 continents.
 - (figure does not include comments, documentation, or adopted/ modified products like CASA, NGAS, ATM, etc).
- Work areas
 - Functional: Proposal preparation, monitoring, dynamic scheduling, equipment control and calibration, correlator control and processing, archiving, automated pipeline processing, offline processing, operational software, data acquisition
 - Not: embedded software (hardware groups), algorithm development



ALMA Computing IPT (2)

- Support Activities: management, requirements, analysis, common software, software engineering, integration and test, commissioning support
- Necessary operational computer equipment
- Personnel distribution (70+ FTE)
 - Multi-site (15), multi-continent (4) software development organization
 - Complete technical authority in IPT management
 - Subsystem development sometimes split between organizations, but with a dominant partner



Commissioning Software

Key deliverables:

- Control & ACA Software (including all hardware at antennas and AOS)
- Correlator Software (control and raw data acquisition)
- Common Software (common framework and libraries for all ALMA software)
- Executive Software (operator user interfaces, procedures)
- Front-End Archive (basic archiving and queries, at OSF)
- + Some items from later-stage subsystems
- Quicklook display (subset of Pipeline, needed by operator)
- Scheduling Block (SB) queue handling (subset of Scheduling, no dynamic sched.)
- Data reduction Commissioning features (subset of CASA, CLIC/Gildas)
- SB creation (subset of Observation Preparation)
- Online calculation of telescope calibration parameters.

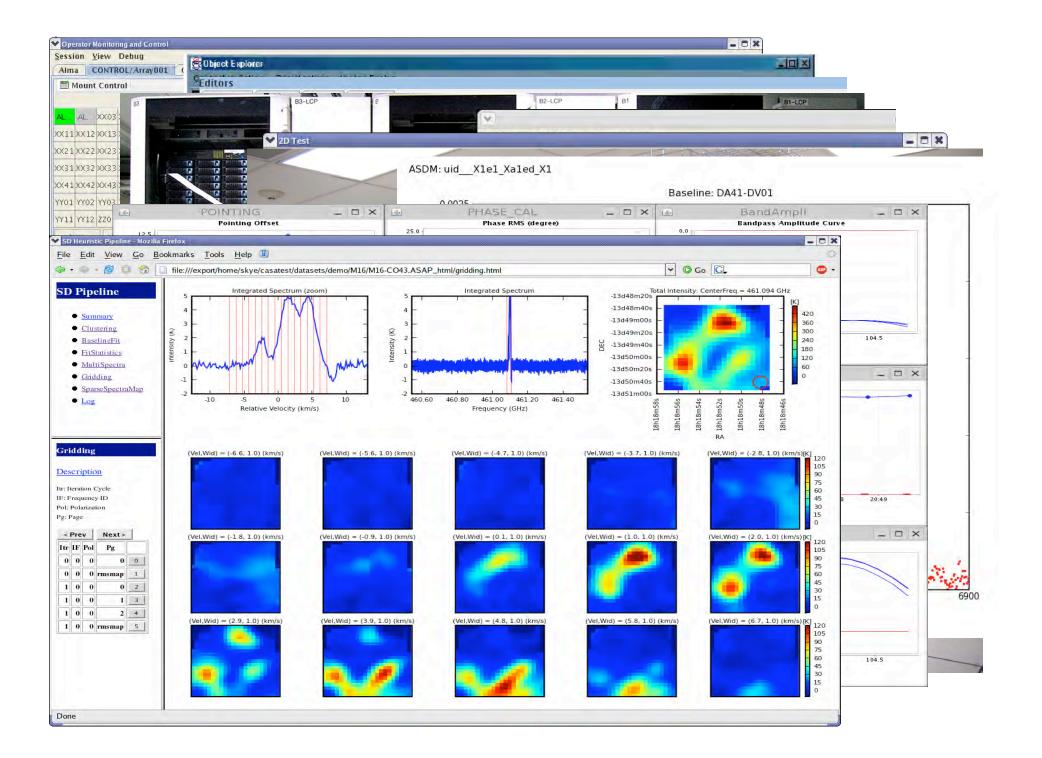
ADASS 2009, Sapporo

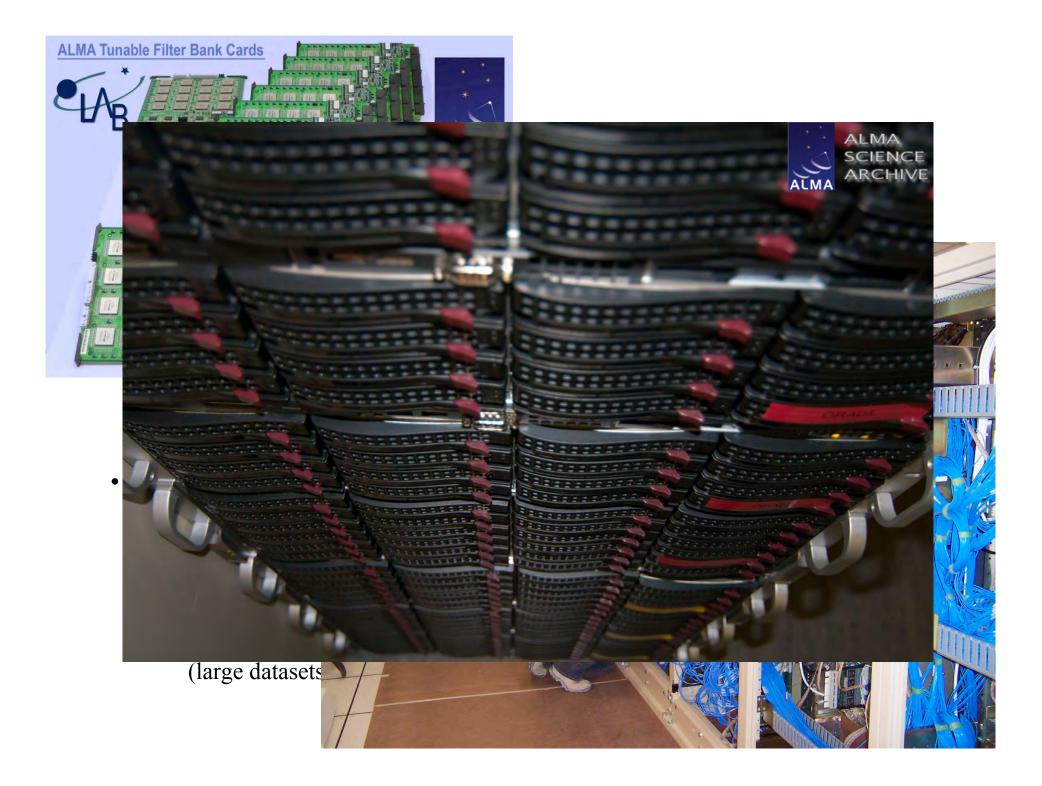


Observatory Software

Key deliverables:

- Data driven Pipeline: automated flagging, calibration and imaging with associated quality information for common ALMA observing modes.
- Operations Support for science ops.: proposal review support, data products management, support monitor and quality checking of data ...
- Dynamic scheduling (weather optimized choice of SBs)
- Offline data reduction: extensive support for multi-channel, multipolarization, multi-spectral window, multi-pointing flagging, calibration, imaging, and analysis for interferometric, single dish, and combined data.
- Fully distributed Archive operation (storage of SBs, raw data, Pipeline images and logs, monitor data, calibr. data, site data), VO support.
- Telescope Calibration pipeline, providing real-time calibration data
- Observation Preparation for all ALMA observing modes and suitable also for novice users (automated generation of SBs), widely portable.







Underlying Technologies

- Programming Languages: Java, C++, Python
- Source file management: CVS, make, eclipse
- Communications: CORBA
 - Direct binary arguments & large structures in XML
 - Services: Notification channel (events), A/V streaming (bulk data)
- Object runtime & distribution: Container/Component
 - Homegrown (part of ALMA Common Software (ACS))
- Persistence (All persistence through ALMA Archive interfaces)
 - File storage & replication: NGAS (ESO)
 - Meta/Auxillary data: XML + RDBMS
 - Raw data is *not* FITS
 - RDBMS (& XML): Oracle



Underlying Technologies (2)

- Adopted software: Lots
 - ATM, SLALIB, CALC, MATPLOTLIB, ...
- User Portal: Plone, CAS
- Code generation
 - Fundamental data structures (science and project data models) represented in UML, language bindings generated from this.
 - ICD \rightarrow Spreadsheet \rightarrow Device Drivers
- OS: Linux & Real-Time Linux (Operational), Linux/MacOS (CASA)
- Real-Time I/O: CAN bus, simple master/slave protocol



Process

- Several groups involved in process areas:
 - High Level Analysis: Conformance to architecture, interfaces. (No longer active)
 - Software Engineering: Largely tool (e.g., version control), and infrastructure support.
 - Science Software Requirements: Requirements management, user tests, domain knowledge (now lead by commissioning/operations staff)
 - Integration, Test, Support: Standard test environment, integration tests.
 - Common Software: Provide frameworks for a common technical approach.



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Organizational Principles

- Trilateral IPT
- Broken into 16 subsystems (= functional/support areas)
 - -2-11 people per subsystem
- Cross-subsystem developments (e.g., observing modes) take place in temporary Function Based Teams (FBTs)
 - ~5 per 6 month cycle
 - Started FBTs in 2006 to overcome problem with developments being too independent
- Fixed 6 month release dates; detailed planning discussed at annual CDR#n review (2009 = CDR7)
 - Progress checked via requirements tracking, testing



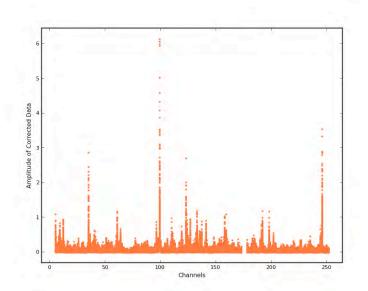
Overall Status

- We have been running an end-to-end system since 2005
- The software is in use 24x7 in Chile (in 4 independent installations)
 - "Commissioning" level use
- Software areas not yet in use at the observatory: science pipeline, science archive/VO, Phase I proposal, dynamic scheduling, "observatory operations" (e.g., observing tracking)
- CASA was AIPS++
 - Data processing package for ALMA & EVLA
 - In beta release, will be fully released in December
 - Generally well received, but with a lot of skepticism to overcome ADASS 2009, Sapporo

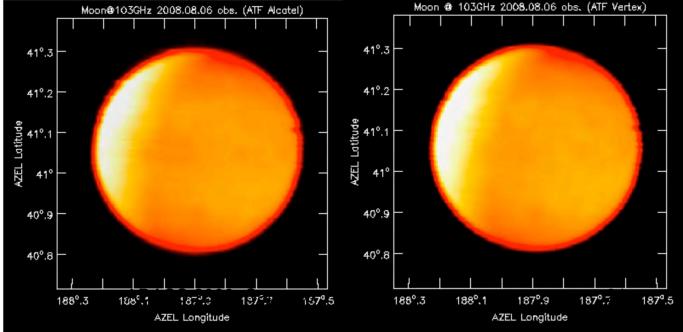


Sgr B2 Spectrum 97.9 GHz

Raster on Moon with Total Power detectors simultaneously on 2 antennas

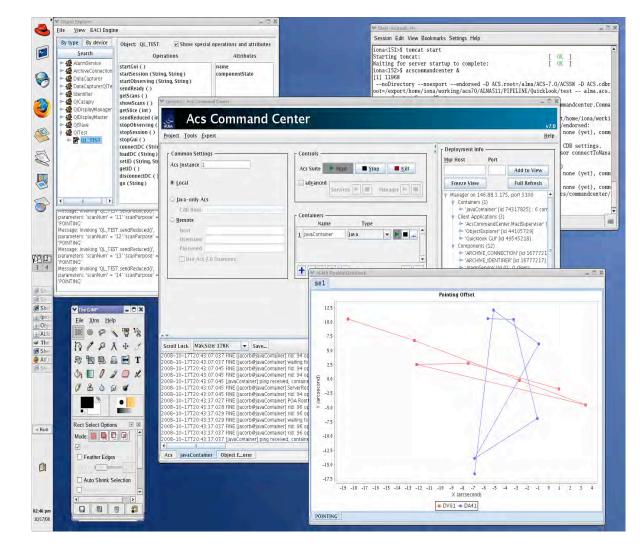


Taken at ATF, not using production receivers, but verifying software for control, tuning, correlator and data reduction



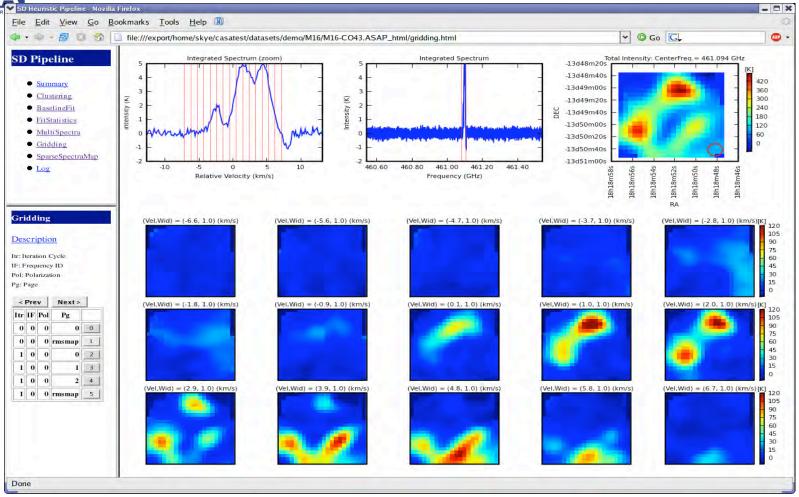


The Quicklook Display System in Playback Mode



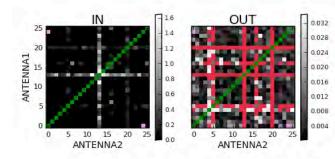


The Single Dish Pipeline: M16 CO Gridding and Imaging Stage





Standard Interferometry Pipeline: NGC2146A HI Calibrator Flagging Stage



STAGE: GAIN baseline phase MAD flagging dataType:MAD over TIME of raw phase deviation FIELD ID: 1 POLARIZATION ID:LL DATA DESC ID: 0

Calculation History: Origin: GAIN baseline phase MAD flagging

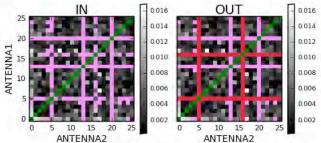


STAGE: GAIN baseline bad antenna flagging dataType:MAD over TIME of raw amp deviation FIELD ID: 1 POLARIZATION ID:LL DATA DESC ID: 0

Calculation History:

Origin:GAIN baseline bad antenna flagging

Flagged at previous stages: original flags flagged before this stage Flagged here:

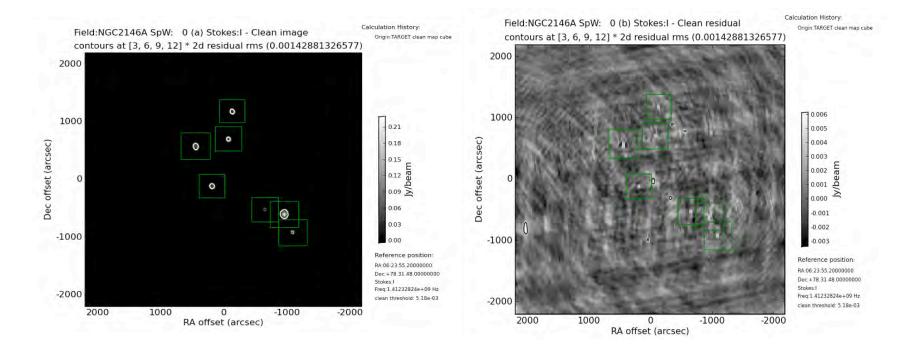




rules: ANTENNA2 axis - too many flags



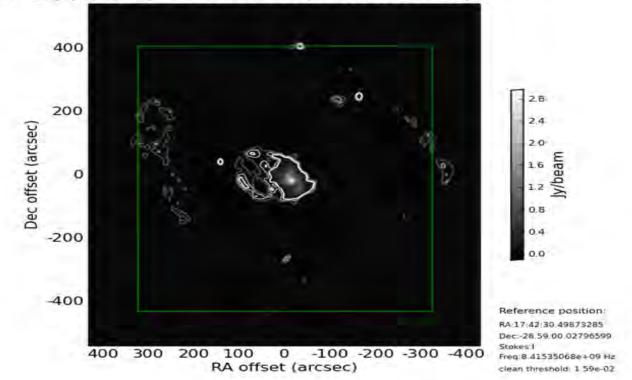
Standard Interferometry Pipeline: NGC2146A HI Final Imaging Stage



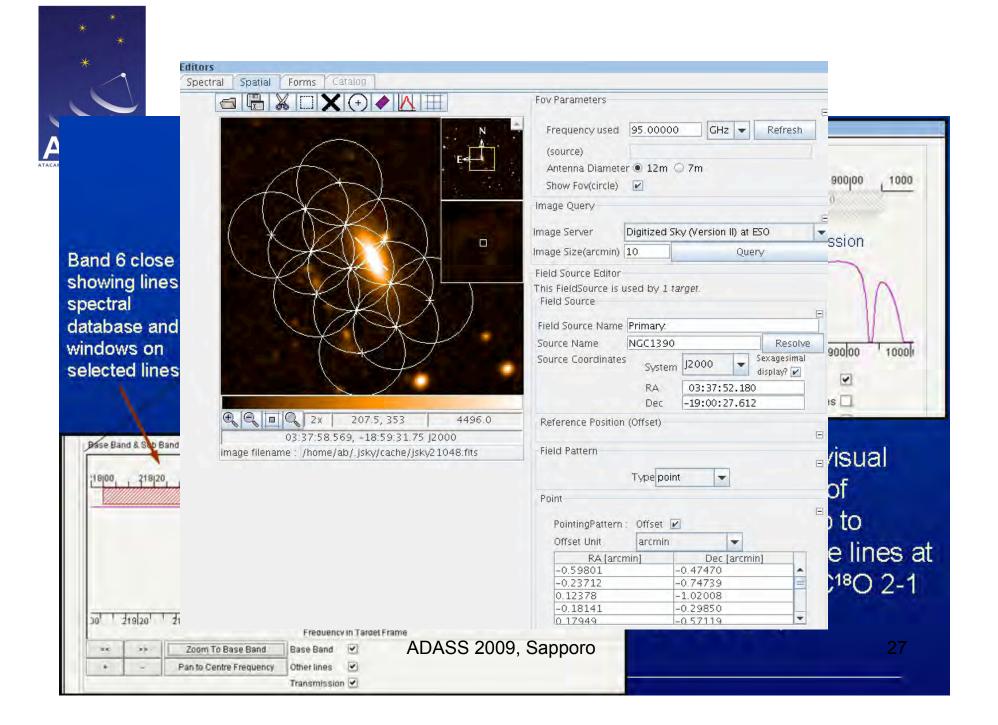


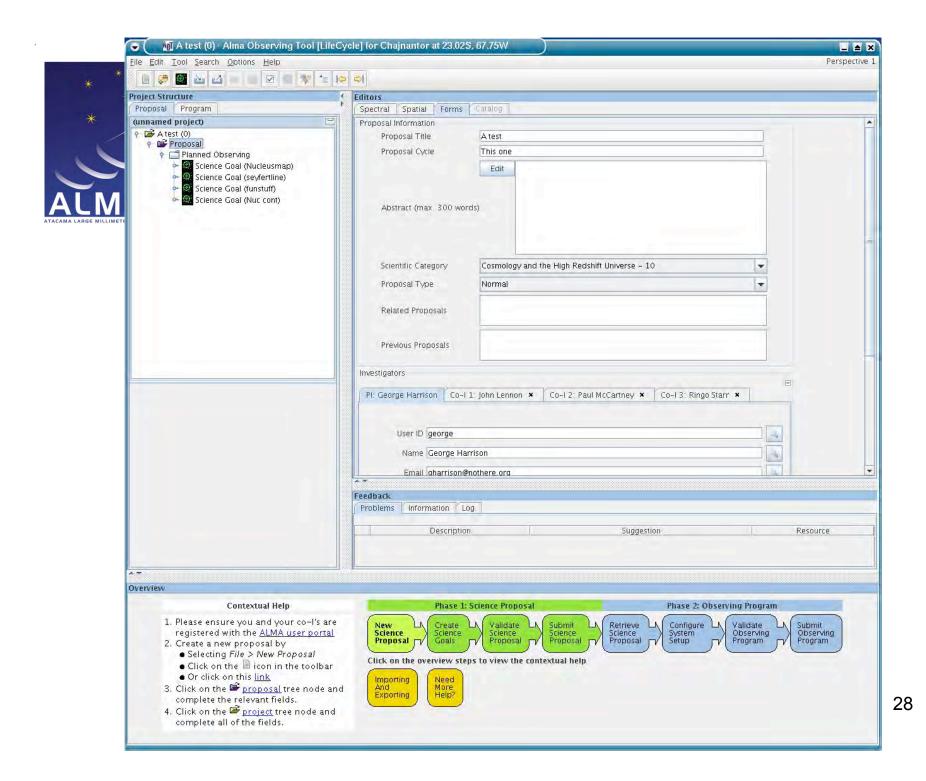
Pointed Mosaic Pipeline: Sagittarius A X Band Final Imaging Stage

SpW: 0 Group:SOURCE (d) Stokes: I - Pilot integrated clean image contours at [3, 6, 9, 12] * 2d residual rms (0.0112479710951)



Final pointed mosaic continuum image of the target source. All calibrator and target flags have been applied.





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ALMA is nearly here! D. Barkats



The Atacama Large Millimeter/submillimeter Array (ALMA), an international astronomy facility, is a partnership of Europe, North America and Eas cooperation with the Republic of Chile. ALMA is funded in Europe by the European Organization for Astronomical Research in the Southern Hemisphere (ESO), in North America by the U.S. National Science Foundation (NSF) in cooperation with the National Research Council of Canada (NRC) and the National Science Council of Taiwan (NSC) and in East Asia by the National Institutes of Natural Sciences (NINS) of Japan in cooperation with the Academia Sinica (AS) in Taiwan. ALMA construction and operations are led on behalf of Europe by ESO, on behalf of North America by the National Radio Astronomy Observatory (NRAO), which is managed by Associated Universities, Inc. (AUI) and on behalf of East Asia by the National Astronomical Observatory of Japan (NAOJ). The Joint ALMA Observatory (JAO) provides the unified leadership and management of the construction, commissioning and operation of ALMA.